Foil Boat







3-5

Materials:

- Foil
- Scissors
- Tape
- Container to Hold Water
- Pennies

Instructions:

- 1. From a fresh piece of tin foil, cut out two squares. One square should have dimensions that are twice that of the other square. (If you cut one square to be $5'' \times 5''$ then the other square should be $10'' \times 10''$).
- 2. Using the tin foil, create two small boats. If the boats have an enclosed shape and don't leak, any shape can be used. A simple box will work, but something a little more complicated like a canoe would work just as well! Be sure to make both boats using the same shape.
- 3. Check to make sure that the boats are not leaking. If they are, they can be strengthened with tape. Make sure the bottom of each boat is flat, and the upper lip of the boat is roughly the same height all the way around the edge.
- 4. Fill the chosen water container (bucket, bathtub, sink, etc.) with water.
- 5. Float the tin foil on the water, making sure to check for leaks.
- 6. Now, take the pennies and slowly add them to the boat. Be sure to distribute the pennies evenly, so that all the weight isn't on one side of the boat.
- 7. Continue to add pennies in this way until the boat sinks.
- 8. Record the number of pennies that sunk the boat, excluding the final penny that caused it to sink.
- 9. Repeat this process for the second boat. Be sure to only use dry pennies. If the number of pennies available is limited, dry the pennies that have been submerged with a towel.
- 10. Which boat could hold more pennies before sinking? The larger one or the smaller one?
- 11. To determine the density of each boat, divide the mass in grams that that boat could support by the volume of the boat. Make sure the volume used is in cm3.
- · Density is given as Density = Mass/Volume

The Science:

When the boats were first put into the water without any pennies inside of them, they should have floated. This is due to the fact that the density of the boat without any pennies inside is less than that of the water. If an object sinks in a fluid, it is denser than the fluid. If an object floats in fluid, then the object is less dense than the fluid. Therefore, once enough pennies have been added to the boat, it eventually sinks due to the increased mass of adding pennies. The volume is not changing, so the object gets denser. Once enough pennies have been added eventually the density of the boat becomes larger than the water, and the boat sinks. Just prior to adding the last penny to the boat, the density of the boat is going to be roughly equal to the density of the water. The densities at which the two boats sank should have been similar, but the number of pennies should have been different. Knowing both the mass and the volume effect the density, why is this? If the volume is larger, the mass (the number of pennies put into the boat) will also have to increase to match the density of the water.

